



**Course Name: General Physics I**

**Course Number:** PHY\* E121

**Credits:** 4

**Catalog description:** Begins with a review of essential arithmetic operations, dimensional analysis, and systems of measurements. Then basic concepts in mechanics, energy, rotation, properties of matter, and heat are developed. Specific topics covered include: motion, Newton's three laws, vectors, uniformly accelerated motion, forces, motion due to gravity, work and energy, momentum, angular motion, rotation, mechanical properties of matter, and temperature and heat transfer. 3 hours of lecture and 3 hours of Laboratory

**Prerequisite:** MAT\*137 with a grade of "C" or higher, or equivalent.

**Corequisite, or Parallel:** none

## **General Education Competencies Satisfied:**

**HCC General Education Requirement Designated Competency Attribute Code(s):**

SCKX                      Scientific Knowledge & Understanding

**Additional CSCU General Education Requirements for CSCU Transfer Degree Programs:**

SCRX                      Scientific Reasoning

**Embedded Competency(ies):**

*None.*

**Discipline-Specific Attribute Code(s):**

SCI                      Science elective

## **Course objectives:**

### **General Education Goals and Outcomes:**

**Scientific Knowledge & Understanding:** Students will gain a broad base of scientific knowledge and methodologies in the natural sciences. This will enable them to develop scientific literacy, the knowledge and understanding of scientific concepts and processes essential for personal decision making and understanding scientific issues.

**Scientific Reasoning (for CSCU Transfer Degree Programs):** Students will become familiar with science as a method of inquiry. Students will develop a habit of mind that uses quantitative skills to solve problems and make informed decisions.



### **Course Specific Objectives:**

1. Create graphs.
2. Differentiate among various systems of units of measurement.
3. Manipulate a scientific and/or graphing calculator.
4. Learn how to add vectors together.
5. Analyze uniformly accelerated motion in a straight line.
6. Analyze freely falling bodies.
7. Understand relative velocity.
8. Study motion in a plane.
9. Use energy considerations to solve problems.
10. Use momentum considerations to solve problems.
11. Study Bernoulli's Equation.
12. Develop skill in converting between temperature scales.
13. Solve problems in calorimetry.

### **Course Content:**

#### Introduction

Dimensions and units in measurement  
Converting between systems of units  
Addition and subtraction of vectors  
Rectangular components of vectors

#### Uniformly accelerated motion

Displacement and average velocity  
Instantaneous velocity  
Acceleration  
Uniformly accelerated linear motion  
Freely falling bodies  
Projectile motion

#### Newton's Laws of Motion

Inertia and mass  
Mass and its relation to weight  
Friction forces  
Weight and weightlessness  
Motion on an incline

#### Static equilibrium

The first condition and second condition for equilibrium



The center of gravity

Work and energy

The definition of work Kinetic energy  
Gravitational potential energy

Laws of conservation of energy

Linear momentum

Conservation of linear momentum  
Elastic and inelastic collisions

Motion in a circle

Angular displacement, velocity, and acceleration  
Angular motion equations  
Tangential quantities  
Centripetal force and acceleration

Rotational work, energy and momentum

Rotational work and kinetic energy  
Rotational inertia  
Combined rotation and translation  
Angular momentum

Mechanical properties of matter

States of matter  
Density and specific gravity  
Hooke's Law  
Buoyancy  
Bernoulli's Equation

Thermal properties of matter

Temperature scales  
Thermal energy and heat units  
Specific heat capacity  
Calorimetry  
Thermal conduction

Date Course Created:

Date of Last Revision: 03/03/2017