

Course Name: Engineering Dynamics

Course Number: EGR* E212

Credits: 3

Catalog description: A study of Newtonian mechanics to dynamic forces, translational motion, work, impulse and momentum will be taught. Topics included: kinematics, kinetics of particles and rigid bodies, vibrations, energy and momentum conservation.

Prerequisite: EGR*211 Engineering Statics

General Education Competencies Satisfied:

HCC General Education Requirement Designated Competency Attribute Code(s):

None

Additional CSCU General Education Requirements for CSCU Transfer Degree Programs: *None.*

Embedded Competency(ies): *None.*

Discipline-Specific Attribute Code(s):

☑ MATH Mathematics elective

Course objectives:

General Education Goals and Outcomes:

None

Course Specific Objectives:

- 1. Understand Rectilinear and Curvilinear Motion of Particles
- 2. Understand and Use Newton's Second Law
- 3. Understand and Use Kinetics of Particles using Energy and Momentum Methods
- 4. Understand and Use Kinetics of Systems of Particles



- 5. Understand and Use Kinematics of Rigid Bodies
- 6. Understand and Use Forces and Acceleration of Rigid Bodies
- 7. Use of Energy and Momentum Methods for Rigid Bodies
- 8. Understand and Use Kinetics of Rigid Bodies in Three Dimensions

Course Content:

- A. Kinematics of Particles
 - a. Rectilinear Motion of Particles
 - i. Position, Velocity, Acceleration
 - ii. Uniform Rectilinear Motion
 - iii. Uniformly Accelerated Rectilinear Motion
 - b. Curvilinear Motion of Particles
 - i. Position, Velocity, Acceleration
 - ii. Rectangular components of Velocity and Acceleration
 - iii. Tangential and Normal Components
 - iv. Radial and Transverse Components
- B. Kinematics of Particles: Newton's Second Law
 - a. Newton's Second Law of Motion
 - b. Linear Momentum of a Particle
 - c. Equations of Motion
 - d. Angular Momentum of a Particle
 - e. Motion under Central Force
- C. Kinetics of Particles: Energy and Momentum Methods
 - a. Principle of Work and Energy
 - b. Conservation of Energy
 - c. Principle of Impulse and Momentum
 - d. Impact
 - i. Direct Central Impact
 - ii. Oblique Central Impact
- D. Systems of Particles
 - a. Application of Newton's Second Law
 - b. Linear and Angular Momentum
 - c. Motion of the Mass Center
 - d. Conservation of Momentum of a System of Particles
 - e. Work-Energy Principle
 - f. Principle of Impulse and Momentum
- E. Kinematics of Rigid Bodies
 - a. Translation
 - b. Rotation about a fixed axis
 - c. General Plane Motion



- d. Absolute and Relative Velocity in Plane Motion
- e. Instant Centers
- f. Absolute and Relative Acceleration in Plane Motion
- g. Coriolis Acceleration
- F. Plane Motion of Rigid Bodies: Forces and Accelerations
 - a. Equations of Motion for a Rigid Body
 - b. Angular Momentum of a Rigid Body in Plane Motion
 - c. D'Alembert's Principle
 - d. Systems of Rigid Bodies
- G. Plane Motion of Rigid Bodies: Energy and Momentum Methods
 - a. Principle of Work and Energy for a Rigid Body
 - b. Kinetic Energy of a Rigid Body in a Plane Motion
 - c. Systems of Rigid Bodies
 - d. Conservation of Energy
 - e. Principle of Impulse and Momentum for the Plane Motion
 - f. Conservation of Angular Momentum
 - g. Eccentric Impact
- H. Kinetics of Rigid Bodies in Three Dimensions
 - a. Angular Momentum of a Rigid Body in Three Dimensions
 - b. Principle of Impulse and Momentum
 - c. Kinetic Energy of a Rigid Body
 - d. Motion of a Rigid Body in Three Dimensions

Date Course Created:

Date of Last Revision: 03/03/2017